## Problem K Magic Squares

You have $N$ magic squares (numbered from 1 to $N$ ). For each magic square, you can set the length of its side to any non-negative integers. The cost of each magic square is proportional to its area; magic square $i$ has a cost of $C_{i}$ per unit area. In other words, if the length of magic square $i$ is set to $k$, then it will cost you $k^{2} \cdot C_{i}$.

You want to build a wall with a length of $D$ using these magic squares. You have to line up all your magic squares next to each other, and their total length has to be exactly $D$. The base of each magic square must fully touch the floor, i.e. you are not allowed to rotate the magic squares.

Determine the minimum total cost to build the wall.

## Input

This problem has multiple test cases. The first line consists of an integer $T(1 \leq T \leq 20)$, which represents the number of test cases.

Each test case consists of two lines. The first line consists of two integers $N$ (1 $\leq N \leq 10000 ; 1 \leq D \leq$ $\left.10^{7}\right)$. The second line consists of $N$ integers $C_{i}\left(1 \leq C_{i} \leq 10000\right)$.

## Output

For each test case, output an integer in a single line representing the minimum total cost to build the wall.

## Sample Input \#1

| 3 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 5 |  |
| 500 | 1000 | 100 |
| 1 | 4 |  |
| 30 |  |  |
| 4 | 4 |  |
| 30 | 30 | 30 |
| 40 |  |  |

## Sample Output \#1

```
2100
```

480
120

## Explanation for the sample input/output \#1

For the first test case, set the length of the side of magic square 1,2 and 3 to 1,0 , and 4 , respectively. The total cost to build the wall is $1^{2} \cdot 500+0^{2} \cdot 1000+4^{2} \cdot 100=2100$, which can be shown to be the minimum.

For the second test case, the only solution is to set the length of the side of magic square 1 to 4 . The total cost to build the wall is $4^{2} \cdot 30=480$.

For the third test case, set the length of the side of all magic squares to 1 . The total cost to build the wall is 120, which can be shown to be the minimum.

## Sample Input \#2

```
3
10 20
12345678 9 10
10 100
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
110000000
10000
```


## Sample Output \#2

```
140
3419
1000000000000000000
```

